German Nouns Gender (der, die, das) Cheat Sheet

männliche Substantive (male nouns, starting with "der"):

- male persons (<u>all</u> nouns that refer to ...)
- ending in **-er, -en, -el (many** nouns, **but not all**, but always for guys who do something: fahren (drive), der Fahr<u>er</u> (driver))
- all days of the week, months, seasons
- ending in -ich, -ig, -ismus, -ist, -ling, -us (all nouns)

weibliche Substantive (female nouns, starting with "die"):

- female persons (all nouns that refer to ...)
- numbers (all of them)
- ending in -e (many, but not all)
- ending in -a (many [often with latin roots], but not all)
- ending in **–in** (<u>all</u> nouns, for women/girls who do something, e.g. <u>der</u> Fahrer – die Fahrerin)
- <u>all</u> nouns ending in <u>ei, -heit, -keit, -ie, -ik, -nz, -schaft, -ion, -tät,
 -ung, -ur
 </u>

sächliche Substantive (neuter nouns, startin with "das"):

- diminutives ending in in -chen or -lein (all diminutive nouns)
- infinitive of a verb (<u>all</u> nouns formed from an **infinitive of a verb**, e.g., das Singen)
- ending in -nis (many, but not all)
- metals (all metals, e.g., gold, silver, aluminum, iron, etc.)
- ending in -ment (most, but not all)
- ending in -tel (most, e.g., all fractions: das Viertel, das Achtel, but not all)
- ending in -tum, -um (all of them)

HW Due Oct 30, der-die-das exercise

Büchlein

Last time in class, we played a little game who can name that article the fastest, and tell me the rule why it is, for example, "die Nase" and not "der Nase". I have copied the cheat sheet again and removed the numbers, so you get used to memorizing each rule itself as opposed to the number. To learn the rules, we practice some more.

Below, write the proper German article in front of the German word, write the rule that applies behind the word, and translate the German word into English. None of the words are new – they are all taken from the lists of the last three weeks, so you can go back to your notes, or remember the translation, or guess the English cognate, or you can go to the online dictionaries.

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Example:	
Sohn	
der Sohn – referring to males - the son	
Winter	Dackel
Oma	Deckel
Aluminium	August
Balken	Dunkelheit
Montag	Heiterkeit
Kanne	Traurigkeit
Supernova	Kindchen
Kellnerin	Kindlein
Häuschen	Spielen

Diva